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HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

To assist you in finding your way through the manual, the Section Title and major heading are given at the top of every page.

An INDEX is provided on the first page of each section to guide you to the item to be repaired.

At the beginning of each section, PRECAUTIONS are given that pertain to all repair operations contained in that section. Read these precautions before starting any repair task.

TROUBLESHOOTING tables are included for each system to help you diagnose the problem and find the cause. The repair for each possible cause is referenced in the remedy column to quickly lead you to the solution.

REPAIR PROCEDURES

Most repair operations begin with an overview illustration. It identifies the components and shows how the parts fit together.

Example:

---

Pressure Port Union

Reservoir Tank

Flow Control Valve

Spring

Front Housing

Wave Washer

Rear Housing

Cam Ring

Rotor

Front Plate

Pump Shaft

---

\textbf{kg-cm (ft-lb, N-m)}: \textit{Specified torque}

\textbf{\#}: \textit{Non-reusable part}
The procedures are presented in a step-by-step format:
- The illustration shows *what* to do and *where* to do it.
- The task heading tells *what* to do.
- The detailed text tells *how* to perform the task and gives other information such as specifications and warnings.

Example:

21. **CHECK PISTON STROKE OF OVERDRIVE BRAKE**

(a) Place SST and a dial indicator onto the overdrive brake piston as shown in the figure.

SST 09350-30020 (09350-06120)

(b) Measure the stroke applying and releasing the compressed air (4 — 8 kg/cm², 57 — 114 psi or 392 — 785 kPa) as shown in the figure.

**Piston stroke:** 1.40 - 1.70 mm (0.0551 - 0.0669 in.)

This format provides the experienced technician with a FAST TRACK to the information needed. The upper case task heading can be read at a glance when necessary, and the text below it provides detailed information. Important specifications and warnings always stand out in bold type.

**REFERENCES**

References have been kept to a minimum. However, when they are required you are given the page to refer to.

**SPECIFICATIONS**

Specifications are presented in bold type throughout the text where needed. You never have to leave the procedure to look up your specifications. They are also found in Appendix A, for quick reference.

**CAUTIONS, NOTICES, HINTS:**
- **CAUTIONS** are presented in bold type, and indicate there is a possibility of injury to you or other people.
- **NOTICES** are also presented in bold type, and indicate the possibility of damage to the components being repaired.
- **HINTS** are separated from the text but do not appear in bold. They provide additional information to help you efficiently perform the repair.
IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
The vehicle identification number is stamped on the outer surface of the front right side frame. This number is also stamped on the manufacturer's name plate.

A: Vehicle Identification Number
B: Manufacturer's Name Plate

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER
The engine serial number is stamped on the right side of the cylinder block.

GENERAL REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

1. Use, fender seat and floor covers to keep the vehicle clean and prevent damage.
2. During disassembly, keep parts in the appropriate order to facilitate reassembly.
3. Observe the following:
   (a) Before performing electrical work, disconnect the negative cable from the battery terminal.
   (b) If it is necessary to disconnect the battery for inspection or repair, always disconnect the cable from the negative (—) terminal which is grounded to the vehicle body.
   (c) To prevent damage to the battery terminal post, loosen the terminal nut and raise the cable straight up without twisting or prying it.
   (d) Clean the battery terminal posts and cable terminals with a shop rag. Do not scrape them with a file or other abrasive object.
   (e) Install the cable terminal to the battery post with the nut loose, and tighten the nut after installation. Do not use a hammer to tap the terminal onto the post.
   (f) Be sure the cover for the positive (+) terminal is properly in place.
4. Check hose and wiring connectors to make sure that they are secure and correct.
5. Non-reusable parts
   (a) Always replace cotter pins, gaskets, O-rings and oil seals etc. with new ones.
   (b) Non-reusable parts are indicated in the component illustrations by the “♦” symbol.

6. Precoated parts
   Precoated parts are bolts and nuts, etc. that are coated with a seal lock adhesive at the factory.
   (a) If a precoated part is tightened, loosened or caused to move in any way, it must be recoated with the specified adhesive.
   (b) Recoating of precoated parts
       (1) Clean off the old adhesive from the bolt, nut or threads.
       (2) Dry with compressed air.
       (3) Apply the specified seal lock adhesive to the bolt or nut threads.
   (c) Precoated parts are indicated in the component illustrations by the “★” symbol.

7. When necessary, use a sealer on gaskets to prevent leaks.

8. Carefully observe all specifications for bolt tightening torques. Always use a torque wrench.

9. Use of special service tools (SST) and special service materials (SSM) may be required, depending on the nature of the repair. Be sure to use SST and SSM where specified and follow the proper work procedure. A list of SST and SSM can be found at the back of this manual.

10. When replacing fuses, be sure the new fuse has the correct amperage rating. DO NOT exceed the rating or use one with a lower rating.

11. Care must be taken when jacking up and supporting the vehicle. Be sure to lift and support the vehicle at the proper locations (See page IN-14).
   (a) If the vehicle is to be jacked up only at the front or rear end, be sure to block the wheels at the opposite end in order to ensure safety.
   (b) After the vehicle is jacked up, be sure to support it on stands. It is extremely dangerous to do any work on a vehicle raised on a jack alone, even for a small job that can be finished quickly.
12. Observe the following precautions to avoid damage to the parts:

(a) **Do not open the cover or case of the ECU unless absolutely necessary.**
(If the IC terminals are touched, the IC may be destroyed by static electricity.)

(b) To pull apart electrical connectors, pull on the connector itself, not the wires.

(c) Be careful not to drop electrical components, such as sensors or relays. If they are dropped on a hard floor, they should be replaced and not reused.

(d) When checking continuity at the wire connector, insert the tester probe carefully to prevent terminals from bending.

(e) To disconnect vacuum hoses, pull on the end, not the middle of the hose.

(f) When steam cleaning an engine, protect the distributor, coil, air filter and VCV from water.

(g) Never use an impact wrench to remove or install temperature switches or temperature sensors.

(h) When using a vacuum gauge, never force the hose onto a connector that is too large. Use a step-down adapter instead. Once the hose has been stretched, it may leak.

13. Tag hoses before disconnecting them:

(a) When disconnecting vacuum houses, use tags to identify how they should be reconnected.

(b) After completing a job, double check that the vacuum hoses are properly connected. A label under the hood shows the proper layout.
PRECAUTIONS FOR VEHICLES EQUIPPED WITH A CATALYTIC CONVERTER

CAUTION: If large amounts of unburned gasoline flow into the converter, it may overheat and create a fire hazard. To prevent this, observe the following precautions and explain them to your customer.

1. **Use only unleaded gasoline.**
2. **Avoid prolonged idling.**
   - Avoid running the engine at idle speed for more than 20 minutes.
3. **Avoid spark jump test.**
   - **(a)** Spark jump test only when absolutely necessary. Perform this test as rapidly as possible.
   - **(b)** While testing, never race the engine.
4. **Avoid prolonged engine compression measurement.**
   - Engine compression tests must be made as rapidly as possible.
5. **Do not run engine when fuel tank is nearly empty.**
   - This may cause the engine to misfire and create an extra load on the converter.
6. **Avoid coasting with ignition turned off and prolonged braking.**
7. **Do not dispose of used catalyst along with parts contaminated with gasoline or oil.**

PRECAUTIONS FOR VEHICLES WITH AN AUDIO SYSTEM WITH BUILT-IN ANTI-THEFT SYSTEM

Audio Systems displaying the sign "ANTI-THEFT SYSTEM" shown on the left has a built-in anti-theft system which makes the audio system soundless if stolen.

If the power source for the audio system is cut even once, the anti-theft system operates so that even if the power source is reconnected, the audio system will not produce any sound unless the ID number selected by the customer is input again. Accordingly, when performing repairs on vehicles equipped with this system, before disconnecting the battery terminals or removing the audio system the customer should be asked for the ID number so that the technician can input the ID number afterwards, or else a request made to the customer to input the ID number.

For the method to input the ID number or cancel the anti-theft system, refer to the Owner's Manual.
PRECAUTIONS WHEN SERVICING FULL-TIME 4WD VEHICLES

The full-time 4WD Land Cruiser Station Wagon is equipped with the mechanical lock type center differential system. When carrying out any kind of servicing or testing on a full-time 4WD in which the front or rear wheels are made to rotate (braking test, speedometer test, on-vehicle wheel balancing, etc.), or when towing the vehicle, be sure to observe the precautions given below. If incorrect preparations or test procedures are used, the test cannot be successfully carried out, and may be dangerous as well. Therefore, before beginning any such servicing or test, be sure to check the following items:

1. Center differential lock type
2. Center differential mode position (FREE or LOCK)
3. Whether wheels should be touching ground or jacked up
4. Transmission gear position
5. Transfer gear position (H or L)
6. Maximum testing vehicle speed
7. Maximum testing time

Also be sure to observe the following cautions:

1. Never accelerate or decelerate the vehicle suddenly.
2. Observe the other cautions given for each individual test.

BEFORE BEGINNING TEST

During tests with a brake tester or chassis dynamometer, such as braking force tests or speedometer tests, if only the front or rear wheels are to be rotated, it is necessary to set the position of the center differential to the FREE position or to the LOCK position depending on the type of test being performed.

1. Select the position of the center differential by pushing the center differential lock switch with the transfer select lever to "H" position.
2. After selecting the position, confirm the operation of indicator light.

HINT:
- Move the vehicle backward or forward slightly if the indicator light does not operate correctly when the center differential lock switch is turned ON or OFF.
- When the transfer select lever is put in "L" position, the center differential is put in LOCK condition regardless of the position of the center differential lock switch.
- Transfer gear H ↔ L gear shifting procedure

Automatic transmission:
When shifting, always put the shift lever of the automatic transmission in P or N range. In other ranges, the gears of the transfer clash, and switching cannot occur.

Manual transmission:
When shifting, always put the shift lever of the manual transmission in neutral.
CAUTIONS WHEN CENTER DIFFERENTIAL CONTROL SWITCH IS TURNED ON

- Operate the switch only when all four wheels are stopped or when driving with the wheels in a straight line.
- Never operate the switch under the following conditions.
  (1) When any tire is slipping.
  (2) When any tire is spinning freely.
  (3) When swerving or cornering.

FREE Position

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Center Differential Lock</th>
<th>Transfer Select Lever</th>
<th>Wheel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Control Switch</td>
<td>Indicator Light</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A lifted wheel can be rotated even if only one wheel is lifted up, as long as transmission is in neutral or N range.

LOCK Position

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Center Differential Lock</th>
<th>Transfer Select Lever</th>
<th>Wheel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Control Switch</td>
<td>Indicator Light</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>L</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A lifted wheel cannot be rotated if only one wheel is lifted up, even if transmission is in neutral or N range.
BRAKING FORCE TEST (Vehicle Speed : Below 0.5 km/h or 0.3 mph)

When performing low-speed type brake tester measurements, observe the following instructions.

1. Put the center differential in FREE position.
   - Shift the transfer select lever to H position.
   - Turn the center differential lock switch to OFF and check that the center differential lock indicator light goes off.
2. Shift the transmission shift lever to N range.
3. Idle the engine, operate the brake booster and perform the test.

SPEEDOMETER TEST OR OTHER TESTS
(Using Speedometer Tester or Chassis Dynamometer)

1. Remove the front propeller shaft, put the center differential in LOCK position, then put the rear wheels on the tester roller and perform the test.
2. When performing tests, observe the following precautions.
   - Check that the center differential is securely in LOCK condition.
   - Confirm that the vehicle is securely immobilised.
   - Never operate the clutch or brakes suddenly, suddenly drive the wheels, or suddenly decelerate.
ON-VEHICLE WHEEL BALANCING

When doing on-vehicle wheel balancing on a full-time 4WD vehicle, to prevent the wheels from rotating at different speeds or in different directions from each other (which could lead to damage to the center differential or transfer gears), always be sure to observe the following precautions:

1. All four wheels should be jacked up, clearing the ground completely.

2. The center differential should be in the LOCK position with the transfer gear in H position.

3. The parking brake lever should be fully released.

4. None of the brakes should be allowed to drag.
(5) The wheels should be driven with both the engine and
the wheel balancer.
HINT: When doing this be careful of the other wheels,
which will rotate at the same time.

(6) Avoid sudden acceleration, deceleration and braking.

(7) Carry out the wheel balancing with the transmission in
3rd or 4th gear (or 3rd or D range).
**PRECAUTIONS WHEN TOWING FULL-TIME 4WD VEHICLES**

1. Use one of the methods shown below to tow the vehicle.
2. When there is trouble with the chassis and drivetrain, use method ① (flat bed truck) or method ② (sling type tow truck with dollies).
3. Recommended Methods: No. ①, ② or ③. 
   Emergency Method: No. ④.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Towing Method</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Parking Brake</th>
<th>Transmission Shift Lever Position</th>
<th>Transfer Shift Lever Position</th>
<th>Center Differential Lock Switch</th>
<th>Center Differential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>① Flat Bed Truck</td>
<td>Applied</td>
<td>Any Position</td>
<td>&quot;H&quot; Position</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>FREE (Normal Driving)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>② Sling-Type Tow Truck with Dollies</td>
<td>Released</td>
<td>&quot;N&quot; Range or Neutral</td>
<td>&quot;N&quot; Position</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>↑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>③ Sling-Type Tow Truck (Front wheels must be able to rotate freely)</td>
<td>Released</td>
<td>&quot;N&quot; Range or Neutral</td>
<td>&quot;N&quot; Position</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>↑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>④ Towing with Rope</td>
<td>Released</td>
<td>&quot;N&quot; Range or Neutral</td>
<td>&quot;N&quot; Position</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>↑</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HINT:** Do not tow the vehicle at a speed faster than 30 mph (45 km/h) or a distance greater than 50 miles (80 km).

**HINT:** Do not use any towing methods other than those shown above.
For example, the towing method shown below is dangerous, so do not use it.

During towing with this towing method, there is a danger of the drivetrain heating up and causing breakdown, or of the front wheels flying off the dolly.
VEHICLE LIFT AND SUPPORT LOCATIONS

JACK POSITION
- Front: Under the front differential
- Rear: Under the rear differential

SCREW TYPE JACK POSITION

SUPPORT POSITION
- Safety stand
## Abbreviations Used in This Manual

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A/C</td>
<td>Air Conditioner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A/T</td>
<td>Automatic Transmission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATF</td>
<td>Automatic Transmission Fluid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A.T.P.</td>
<td>Automatic Transmission Parking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B0</td>
<td>Overdrive Brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2</td>
<td>Second Brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B3</td>
<td>First and Reverse Brake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C0</td>
<td>Overdrive Direct Clutch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-</td>
<td>Forward Clutch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C2</td>
<td>Direct Clutch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCS</td>
<td>Cruise Control System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CD</td>
<td>Compact Disc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECU</td>
<td>Electronic Control Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EFI</td>
<td>Electronic Fuel Injection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELR</td>
<td>Emergency Locking Retractor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ex.</td>
<td>Except</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F0</td>
<td>Overdrive One-Way Clutch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F2</td>
<td>No.2 One-Way Clutch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIPG</td>
<td>Formed on Place Gasket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Fusible Link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G.C.C.</td>
<td>Gulf Cooperation Council Countries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IG</td>
<td>Ignition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LED</td>
<td>Light Emitting Diode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LH</td>
<td>Left-Hand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LHD</td>
<td>Left-Hand Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSD</td>
<td>Limited Slip Differential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSP &amp; BV</td>
<td>Load Sensing Proportioning and By-Pass Valve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max.</td>
<td>Maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M/T</td>
<td>Manual Transmission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MP</td>
<td>Multipurpose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O/D, OD</td>
<td>Overdrive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PPS</td>
<td>Progressive Power Steering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PS</td>
<td>Power Steering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTO</td>
<td>Power Take-Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RH</td>
<td>Right-Hand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RHD</td>
<td>Right-Hand Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSM</td>
<td>Special Service Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SST</td>
<td>Special Service Tools</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STD</td>
<td>Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SW</td>
<td>Switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSV</td>
<td>Vacuum Switching Valve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w/</td>
<td>With</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w/o</td>
<td>Without</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4WD</td>
<td>Four Wheel Drive Vehicles (4 x 4)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>